

Gram negative organisms	AMP	AMC	ATM	CFP	CAZ	CRO	CXM	TZP	MEM	CLR	CIP	AMK	NIT	FOS	SXT
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	4% (75)	41% (194)	36% (136)	-	-	22% (195)	22% (195)	86% (192)	93% (192)	90% (49)	25% (195)	98% (193)	93% (145)	91% (151)	36% (88)
<i>Klebsiella</i> species	-	-	45% (40)	-	-	41% (61)	36% (36)	77% (61)	82% (61)	-	57% (61)	80% (61)	70% (33)	92% (37)	-
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	-	47% (59)	83% (35)	88% (34)	57% (37)	-	-	100% (38)	87% (38)	-	71% (38)	89% (38)	-	-	-

Gram positive organisms	AMP	MET	CIP	-	-	VAN	LNZ	AMK	GEN	CLR	CLI	ERY	NIT	FOS	SXT
<i>Enterococcus</i>	48% (54)		5% (59)	-	-	79% (57)	100% (49)	-	-	-	-	-	61% (46)	73% (49)	-
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	-	52% (46)	32% (56)	-	-	100% (56)	100% (37)	96% (47)	92% (40)	100% (35)	93% (45)	50% (44)	-	-	74% (43)

**Abbreviations:** AMC: amoxicillin clavulanate, AMK: amikacin, AMP: ampicillin, ATM: aztreonam, CAZ: ceftazidime, CFP: cefepime, CIP: ciprofloxacin, CLI: clindamycin, CLR: chloramphenicol, CRO: ceftriaxone, CXM: cefuroxime, ERY: erythromycin, FOS: fosfomycin, GEN: gentamicin, LNZ: linezolid, MEM: meropenem, MET: methicillin NIT: nitrofurantoin, SXT: trimethoprim sulfamethoxazole, TZP: piperacillin tazobactam, VAN: vancomycin

## Color code

AMC: amoxicillin clavulanate, AMK: amikacin, AMP: ampicillin, ATM: aztreonam, CAZ: ceftazidime, CFP: cefepime, CIP: ciprofloxacin, CLI: clindamycin, CLR: chloramphenicol, CRO: ceftriaxone, CXM: cefuroxime, ERY: erythromycin, FOS: fosfomycin, GEN: gentamicin, LNZ: linezolid, MEM: meropenem, MET: methicillin NIT: nitrofurantoin, SXT: trimethoprim sulfamethoxazole, TZP: piperacillin tazobactam, VAN: vancomycin

## Color code

A horizontal color scale representing sensitivity. It consists of a gradient from red on the left to green on the right, divided into four equal segments by vertical lines. The red segment is labeled "Least sensitive" at its left end. The green segment is labeled "Most sensitive" at its right end.